

## ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1893.

## THE BURGLAR.

100 Nights in New York City at the MADISON SQUARE THEATRE.

Mr. Augustus Thomas' four act comedy drama, from the story of EDITHA'S BURGLAR, By Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, Regular prices. Tickets at Johnson & Johnson's.

## SUBBRUG'S

## GOLDEN SCEPTRE

## SMOKING TOBACCO,

FOR SALE BY

MASSIE &amp; MARTIN,

ROANOKE AGENTS FOR



PHONE 193. Prompt Delivery

JAS. S. GROVES. C. S. BEILER.

## WANTED.

We have a purchaser for lot in the Grove, between Albermarle avenue and Walnut avenue, and Franklin road and Henry street. Also several customers for residences in or about the same locality. Also residences on the

## Instalment Plan

in all parts of the city. Have several customers for small tracts of land near the city.

## List Your Property With Us

If you want it sold or rented.

## JAMES S. GROVES &amp; CO.

Real Estate, Rental and Loan Agents, 103 Campbell avenue west,

## D. B. BARBOUR. D. H. MATSON. ROANOKE SANITARY PLUMBING COMPANY.

Practical plumbers and gas-fitters. Dealers in all kinds of plumbers' and gas-fitters' supplies. Estimates made on the improved and sanitary styles of plumbing. All work guaranteed. J. P. MEHORN, superintendent, No. 10 South Jefferson street, Roanoke, Va. 12617.

## Red Men Celebrate in Their New Hall.

The new hall of the Hiawatha Tribe No. 65, Independent Order of Red Men, in the Wright building was opened with great eclat last night with dancing and other festivities including elaborate refreshments. The committee of arrangements was composed of J. M. Seymour, T. B. Payne, James Sherwood, P. F. Powell and Mr. Hurt. D. W. Espenlaub acted as floor manager and skillfully conducted the dancing. The grand march began at 9 o'clock and was led by Grand Sachem L. J. Fry, of the Grand Lodge of Virginia and Frank Stine, of Hiawatha tribe, who were fantastically attired in the regalia of the order.

## Busy at the Machine Works.

The Roanoke Machine Works have an order for one shifting engine and twenty-five cabin cars for the use of the Norfolk and Western railroad. The employees in the boiler shop are now working ten hours a day and over. The officials at the Machine Works think that work will be better there in a short time.

## BUY THE CELEBRATED



HOBIE MUSIC CO.,

SOLE DEALERS

Factory Prices.

Easy Payments.

Waterrooms

36 Salem Avenue

## MORE HORRORS OF THE STORM.

Fully One Hundred Lives Lost at Port Royal.

The Damage in the Path of the Cyclone Will Amount to Millions of Dollars. Dwelling Houses and Factories Demolished—Entire Crops Destroyed. Charleston Said to be Flooded—Shipping Disasters Numerous and Scores of Lives Lost on the Ocean—Wrecks Down and Only Meagre Reports From Charleston.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 29.—A special to the Chronicle from Port Royal, S. C., brings startling information. Fully 100 lives have been lost at Port Royal, Beaufort and neighboring points by drowning during the storm. Over twenty-five of those were seen by the correspondent and his information was received concerning the others from reliable source. Of the 100 persons killed and drowned only six were white, the others being negroes.

The negroes were so frightened and terror-stricken that many were killed and drowned by not leaving their cabins to seek places of safety. Twenty persons were drowned on Paris Island.

No news has been received from St. Helena, four miles from Beaufort. It is believed that twenty-five lives were lost between Port Royal and Seabrook, all negroes.

Every house in Beaufort and Port Royal was damaged and a number of barges and craft were wrecked and blown ashore. The Coosaw Mine Company loses \$50,000. Total losses are estimated in the neighborhood of half a million dollars.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 29.—The list of fatalities is gradually growing, and it is impossible to tell to what extent it will go. Several bodies of drowned persons were picked up and searches are now being made for others who are missing.

The drowning of A. G. Ulmer, assistant cashier of the Central Railroad Bank, was one of the most unfortunate fatalities of the storm. Mr. Ulmer owned a farm on Hutchinson Island, opposite the city, and had gone over to pay off his hands and attend to other duties. There were bruises on his face and it is supposed that he struck against an out shed when he jumped from his barn as it was about to blow down.

The other fatalities so far reported are as follows: Toney Holmes, colored, crushed in a house on Hutchinson's Island; four unknown negroes, drowned on Bramperton's plantation four miles from this city; Lewis Goggett, colored, ran into a live trolley wire; a six-year old colored boy drowned on Hutchinson's Island; Jno. Williams, Mary Butler, and Sarah Green drowned on a rice plantation, south of the city; two unknown sailors were drowned on Tybee Island.

Forty to fifty other persons are reported missing, and it is supposed, as nothing has been heard from them, that their bodies will be found later.

Twelve barks and barkentines which were anchored at the quarantine station were blown high and dry upon the marsh, and some of them were carried by the storm across the marshes on an island two miles distant from the station. One of the vessels at Tybee was completely capsized and three club-houses on the island were blown entirely down. Others were flooded and the people sought shelter wherever they could.

The wires are all down and Savannah is almost entirely shut off from telegraphic communication.

The tug Paulsen arrived in the city at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She brought about sixty passengers from Tybee. Mr. Revers, one of them, stated that four negroes engaged in clearing the railroad tracks were drowned.

A sailor and a cabin boy on the schooner Harold, which is on her side on North Beach, are drowned. It is reported that eight of the crew of a terrapin sloop, which were ashore on the south end, were drowned.

The water swept with tremendous force over this part of the island, railroad tracks being carried from 200 to 500 feet. An empty train is in the woods and trains on all roads are coming in irregularly, and some have entirely stopped to repair washouts.

The church steeples are demolished and at least 500 large trees are blown down all over the city. The Tybee road is under water for its entire distance and in many places is entirely washed away. There is no communication with Tybee except by water.

Sunday's storm injured many buildings in Savannah and did great damage to trees. Only four buildings sustained serious damage, however.

Fifteen people are known to have been drowned and more are missing. It is now impossible to estimate the amount of property destroyed.

Thirty wrecks have been reported so far. Fifteen vessels in the harbor and off Tybee were wrecked or badly damaged. More than that number of smaller craft are missing and are believed to have been lost.

Six unknown vessels are reported ashore on Tybee Beach from the outside. The other disasters which occurred to shipping between Quarantine station and Tybee roads are very numerous, the wrecked vessels including many Norwegian craft and American coasters. No loss of life was reported.

Nothing has been heard from the steamer City of Savannah, now many hours overdue.

Tybee Island is about a total wreck.

Had the island been washed away demolition and destruction could not have been worse than it was. Houses there were blown down, burned, washed away and otherwise demolished.

The railroad track was blown from the ground and parts of it stood up along the line like a fence. Rails were twisted and spikes were pulled from the cross-ties.

Washouts are not a circumstance to the wretched condition into which the tracks were twisted by the winds.

At least one-half of the houses on the island have been blown down or badly damaged.

Damages to buildings in Savannah are being rapidly repaired.

It is difficult to give an estimate of the damage done by the storm. To buildings, \$100,000 would cover the injury done; vessels wrecked, \$150,000; and the damage to railroads leading out of city, \$100,000; damage to rice crop, \$200,000.

The damage to the interior, tributary to Savannah, will probably amount to one million dollars or more, as the cotton crop over wide territory has suffered severely, and in many turpentine districts at least one fourth of the trees are destroyed.

RICHMOND, Va., August 29.—Passenger train No. 78 of the Atlantic Coast Line, with Pullman sleepers attached, reached here this morning from Charleston, S. C., having been delayed twenty-four hours by the destructive storm which swept over the South Atlantic coast Sunday and Monday.

In an interview J. B. Beddingfull, Southern Express messenger, who was in Charleston during the storm, said that the battle of wind and rain commenced with terrific force at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon and continued without cessation until Monday morning at 7 o'clock. There was not fifty yards space in the streets that did not contain debris, such as roofs of houses, signs, awnings, telegraph poles etc. which were scattered in all directions.

The streets were flooded with water almost to the doors of the St. Charles hotel. He saw fourteen box cars that had been blown from the railroad track and turned over. There was a schooner lying high in the streets, having been driven there from its anchorage.

There was no communication with Savannah, all telegraph lines having been prostrated. While he saw no one killed or injured, it was currently reported that eight people had been killed in the city. It was also rumored that there had been great loss of life on Sullivan's Island, the report placing the number in the hundreds, but, in as much as all communication was cut off, there was no means of verifying the report.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 29.—The storm which came from Florida and followed the Atlantic coast yesterday, has done incalculable injury to the farming interests of the Southeast. No telegraphic communication has been received by the Chronicle from Charleston, Savannah or Jacksonville since yesterday afternoon.

August suffered no loss beyond the breaking of telegraph, telephone and electric light wires from falling trees, but the damage to crops cannot be computed and estimated upon for some days. A special dispatch from Blackville, S. C., says several buildings in that town were crushed, mill dams were washed away, country roads are impassable and the cotton crop terribly damaged and tobacco yet to be harvested totally devastated.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 29.—A severe storm of wind and rain prevailed here Sunday and yesterday but caused no damage beyond blowing down a few trees and fences and overturning two unfinished frame buildings.

The tide was the highest known in years. At Southport the wind's velocity was seventy-three miles. The Norwegian bark Bonita was blown ashore in the river and several other vessels have put into port in distress.

The three-masted schooner, Three Sisters, with a cargo of lumber from Savannah for Philadelphia, was wrecked and abandoned off Cape Fear on Monday night, and her commander, Capt. Isaac Simpson, of Market Hook, Pa., and Mate Johnson Heede, of Park avenue, Baltimore, were washed overboard and drowned.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 29.—The damage to the crops all over the State cannot be estimated at this time. But it is very heavy. Streams are much swollen and mill dams washed away. Unharvested tobacco crops are totally destroyed. Travel, which has been very much impeded, is being resumed. Trains are through from Charleston to day. No loss of life reported except at Charleston. The weather is clear and hot.

KERNERSVILLE, N. C., Aug. 29.—A terrible cyclone struck here at 5 o'clock this morning. A hundred houses were wrecked and a woman was killed. The brick Baptist Church was razed to the ground. Factories, stores and residences were unroofed and some were blown entirely away. High winds and heavy rain are still raging.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 29.—The storm did great damage to the crops all through North Carolina. Tobacco, corn and cotton were severely injured all over the State.

OXFORD, N. C., Aug. 29.—High wind and rain prevailed here yesterday. A large brick warehouse owned by Thomas, Thomas & Jones was blown down and a negro boy barely escaped with his life.

The fact that every bargain advertised by Hobbie Music Co. was sold within three to five days after it was published is the best evidence that something extraordinary was offered. They now have a piano slightly used, warranted five years, the same as a new instrument, which they offer at a price that will sell it in a few days; so if you want a real bargain call at once.

Syrian Arrested for Assault.

Marone Butteras, was arrested yesterday on the charge assaulting Charles Elias and will be tried before Justice Turner to day. Both men are Syrians and belong to a colony of that nationality who live in this city.

## QUIET DAY IN CONGRESS.

Speaker Crisp and Reed Argue Over the Rules of the House.

The Senate Finance Committee Reports Back the Wilson Bill and Senator Voorhees Moves the Consideration of His Own Measure for the Repeal of the Sherman Act—Placed on the Calendar and Will be Called Up Each Day Until Passed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—There was a great falling off in the attendance of both members and audience this morning and the House resumed its routine appearance. Catchings called up the report of the committee on rules, reporting the rules for the present House. After the reading of the proposed rules a discussion of time to be devoted to debate was precipitated.

The outcome of the controversy was that Catchings conceded that there should be a general debate, and briefly he explained the changes made in the rules.

When speaking in favor of the rule making a quorum of the committee of the whole one hundred members, he was interrupted by Kilgore with the inquiry whether a quorum of the committee of the whole should not be the same as a quorum of the House. In reply Catchings said that the adoption of this rule by the Fifty-first Congress was good and beneficial (Applause).

Reed twitted the Democrats upon their partial approval of the rules of the Fifty-first Congress, but in a humorous vein contended they had not gone far enough. He then in a more serious manner argued in favor of right of majority, which rights had been firmly maintained in the Fifty-first Congress. Now the House was in the habit of dodging the measures instead of meeting them.

He criticized the provision of rules which, he claimed, vested committees on rules which authority which should be vested in the Speaker.

After Reed finished, for the first time this session the Speaker took the floor, having called Richardson, Tenn, into the chair and replied to the criticisms of the gentleman from Maine. He said there were provisions in this code which were taken substantially from the rules of the Fifty-first Congress. Neither himself nor any member of committee on rules would refrain from repeating the rules, simply because they were part of the rules of the Fifty-first Congress. Very much of those rules was to be commended, very much of those rules had been by the country absolutely condemned.

The gentleman from Maine, when he stood up before the country and spoke of the rules of the Fifty-first Congress, failed to speak of the practices adopted before the rules were adopted, which were so odious to the country (applause). The first action of the Fifty-first Congress, which was odious to the country, was not an action under any rule; but it was arbitrary, high-handed action on the part of the Speaker without authority of rules, without authority of anyone (applause). When the charges were made against the Fifty-first Congress let no one forget that the first charge was that without the authority of the House, without the authority of the committee on rules, the Speaker had exercised a power that had never been granted him. (Applause). He had assumed upon himself power to count a quorum. The question had gone to the Supreme Court of the United States and the gentleman from Maine had never been justified. He had heard the gentleman from Maine several times say that the Supreme Court had justified his course. The Supreme Court had not touched the question. The Supreme Court had said that the House had a right to make its rule for its own government and make its own provisions for the ascertainment of the presence of a quorum, but it had never said that the Speaker should make rules. (Applause). The gentleman had referred to the power lodged in the committee on rules.

The system adopted by the Fifty-second Congress and now re-adopted by the committee on rules was to maintain no individual judgment of the chair, but judgment of the majority of the House. The speaker was not granted authority to control legislation. The committee on rules was not granted such authority; the authority rested in the majority of the House.

To him it was a source of pleasure and delight that the people had indorsed the middle course taken by the Fifty-second Congress and had returned a large Democratic majority to the House. The people did not buy into any man who was sent here as their representative should become their master (applause). No man could dictate to them (applause). Whenever of recent years the Republicans had come into power in this House their lease of power had been one term. He (Crisp) preferred the approval of the people that he represented to the approval of a man who believed he had the right to exercise all power claimed forsooth that in doing so he had permitted the majority to rule. He felt that the Fifty-first Congress was an usurpation that ought to be repudiated and with the people he repudiated here and now (applause).

Reed, in reply, said that it was unusual for the presiding officer of this body to leave his exalted position and to partake in discussion on the floor; it was even a question whether he ought to do it at all. But of this action he made no question. The gentleman from Georgia (Crisp) alone was judge of his action. If the gentleman did not believe the other members of the committee on rules were not adequate for discussion it was for him to decide when his powerful aid should be thrown into the balance.

He (Reed) regretted the speaker had taken the floor, not only on general principles, but because he had introduced into the debate a certain amount of partisanship, thereby showing, though the rest of the House had survived the measures of the Fifty-first Congress, the present Speaker had not.

The debate was continued by Springer, Boatner, Hooker, (Miss.) who contended the membership of the committee on rules should be increased. Pickler, (Rep., S. D.) who agreed with Hooker on this point, Cumming, Hepburn, (La.) and Bryon.

Then the subject was dropped and Springer introduced a bill to provide for the coinage of the seignorage silver in the treasury, which was referred. The House then at 5:15 adjourned.

## IN THE SENATE.

Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, reported back the House bill repealing part of the Sherman act, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute.

He asked that the bill be placed on the calendar and gave notice that he should ask the Senate to take it up and consider it immediately after the morning business from this time on until final action be taken.

The substitute, he said, was exactly the bill heretofore reported from the finance committee. He explained further the bill as reported from the committee was identical with that passed by the House, so far as concerned the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, and from that point on there was a certain matter in substance which was not in the House bill, and which, in his judgment, improved it and made it more acceptable.

Teller objected to consideration of the repeal bill today and it was placed on the calendar. A resolution offered yesterday by Stewart was then laid before the Senate. It directs the secretary of the treasury to inform the Senate whether there is danger of a deficiency in the revenues of the government during the current year, and if so what the probable amount of such deficiency and whether legislation is necessary to supply such deficiency. The resolution gave rise to a long discussion, and it was finally referred to the finance committee.

Gordon then addressed the Senate in favor of the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. He declared that he should support a prompt concurrence in the House bill.

Teller addressed the Senate in an argument to prove the Sherman law is not responsible for the financial condition of the country. At 4:30, without concluding his remarks, he yielded for a motion to proceed to executive business, and afterward, at 5:15, the Senate adjourned till to-morrow.

## Mr. Cleveland Has No Cancer.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—When Private Secretary Thurber was asked this morning concerning the report that Mr. Cleveland was a very sick man, following an operation performed on his face to remove a cancerous growth, he stated that so far as he knew there was absolutely no truth in the report.

A Philadelphia paper this morning prints the statement about the cancer and the operation.

## DROWNED AT RALEIGH SPRINGS

Druggist Frank Coffman Met His Death There Yesterday.

Supposed to Have Been Crossing the Shenandoah While Swollen by the Heavy Rains. His Bereaved Widow Accompanied by Relatives Left Last Night for the Scene of the Sad Disaster—He Was One of Roanoke's Most Popular Citizens.

A gloom was cast over the city yesterday afternoon by the announcement that the sad intelligence had been received here of the drowning at Raleigh Springs of Frank Coffman, the popular druggist, of the firm of Hoffman & Coffman.

A telegram, dated at Harrisonburg, to R. F. Hoffman from Earnest Strayer, a cousin of Mr. Coffman's, which was received yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, stated: "Frank Coffman was drowned at Raleigh Springs to day. Body not yet recovered. Will write particulars."

Later in the day another message was wired from Herbert Coffman, a brother of the deceased, substantiating the first report and asking that Mrs. Coffman come to Harrisonburg at once, but not giving any particulars.

Mr. Coffman left Roanoke on the mid-day train Sunday for Harrisonburg, his old home, to visit his brothers and was to have returned in a few days.

Raleigh Springs is a popular watering place in Shenandoah county, eight miles from Harrisonburg, on the Shenandoah river.

It is supposed that Mr. Coffman attempted to ride or drive across the Shenandoah river, which is greatly swollen by the recent rains, and was washed down and drowned.

Mrs. Coffman, he has a broken widow; Dr. S. E. Jones and wife, Mrs. Coffman's sister, and R. F. Hoffman, the unfortunate gentleman's partner in business, left last night on the vestibule train for Harrisonburg. When the body is recovered the funeral and interment will probably be held at Harrisonburg, as Mr. Coffman's parents are buried there.

Frank Coffman was born in Harrisonburg, Va., forty years ago. He was educated in the schools at that place and at an early age learned the drug business at Charlottesville under C. M. Willis, a druggist of that place. From Charlottesville he went to Richmond, where he was in a drug store for several years until he came to Roanoke in 1885 and entered the drug store of Charles Lyle as prescription clerk and a few years later became a member of the firm of Hoffman & Coffman. About five years ago he was married to Miss Mary Eliza Yates of this city.

The deceased had two brothers, Herbert and Samuel, both of whom are engaged in the mercantile business at Harrisonburg, and a married sister living at Richmond.

Frank Coffman was a man of strong character and ability and a citizen of a class that commands the esteem of the whole community. He was one of the most popular men in the city, was a leading druggist who thoroughly understood his profession, and his untimely death will be deeply regretted by all who knew him.

## RYAN AND SHEPPERD NOMINATED.

President Cleveland Names Them For Collectors of Internal Revenue.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—The President to day sent to the Senate the following nominations: Collectors of internal revenue—William Ryan, for the Second district of Virginia; Col. Hamilton Shepperd, Sixth district of Virginia; also a number of nominations made during the recess, principally collectors of internal revenue.

A LARGE stock of organs of all leading makes, which have been traded in for pianos by the Hobbie Music Company, can be bought almost at your own price and terms. Prices range from \$25 to \$75, worth \$40 to \$100. Several Estey's and Mason & Hamlin's in the lot. This lot of organs is worth looking over. Call at once and get choice.

## Little Potatoes Defeat the Terry Hills.

The Little Potatoes of the West End did up their old antagonists, the Terry Hills, in great style yesterday afternoon in a game of baseball. The score was 20 to 2.

## LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Philadelphia—0 10 0 0 3 10—7  
Pittsburgh—10 0 0 0 0 0—5  
Hite—Philadelphia, 11; Pittsburgh, 11. Errors—Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburgh, 1. Batteries—Taylor and Clements; Gumpert, Kille and Sugden.

New York—10 0 0 0 1 0 1—4  
St. Louis—0 0 0 0 0 3 3 2—11  
Hite—New York, 10; St. Louis, 11. Errors—New York, 3; St. Louis, 4. Batteries—Baldwin and Doyle; Breitenstein and Pehn.

Baltimore—0 11 0 0 1 0 1 5—9  
Cleveland—0 7 0 0 1 0 0 0—7  
Hite—Baltimore, 9; Cleveland, 11. Errors—Baltimore, 1; Cleveland, 8. Batteries—Mullane, Hawke and Robinson; Clarkson and O'Connor.

At Brooklyn—0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2—4  
Brooklyn—0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2—4  
Hite—Brooklyn, 2; Louisville, 18. Errors—Brooklyn, 3; Louisville, 2. Batteries—Haddock, Kennedy, Selback and Daily; Stratton and Grim.

At Washington—10 3 0 1 0 0 3—8  
Washington—10 3 0 1 0 0 3—8  
Hite—Washington, 10; Cincinnati, 5. Errors—Washington, 4; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries—Esper and McGuire; Kling, Chamberlain and Murphy.

At Boston—Boston-Chicago game postponed on account of heavy gale blowing.

## A Triple Drowning.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 29.—A triple drowning accident occurred in the Merrimack river here. Edward Hopt to Samuel and Alexon Houchard, brothers, all boys, were swimming, when one of them was seized with cramps, and the other two went to his assistance. A 1 were drowned.

Oyster Beds in town condition.

BLISSFORD, Conn., Aug. 29.—Oystermen have just completed the examination of the beds in this vicinity and find a very promising crop—larger than usual. It is thought that the crop will be good.

The Robber Caught.

OLEAN, N. Y., Aug. 29.—The Frenchman who robbed D. A. Craig, the contractor for Goodyear, the Western Pennsylvania Rubbermen, of \$11,000, was arrested at Rumbo, Pa.

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